§ 460.72, Nt.

00-1(101), issued by the Standards Council of the National Fire Protection Association on April 15, 2004. The Director of the Office of the Federal Register has approved NFPA Temporary Interim Amendment 00-1(101) for incorporation by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. A copy of the amendment is available for inspection at the CMS Information Resource Center, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD and at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street NW., Suite 700, Washington, DC. Copies may be obtained from the National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269. If any additional changes are made to this amendment, CMS will publish notice in the Federal Register to announce the changes.

- (c) Emergency and disaster preparedness—(1) Procedures. The PACE organization must establish, implement, and maintain documented procedures to manage medical and nonmedical emergencies and disasters that are likely to threaten the health or safety of the participants, staff, or the public.
- (2) Emergencies defined. Emergencies include, but are not limited, to the following:
 - (i) Fire.
- (ii) Equipment, water, or power fail-
 - (iii) Care-related emergencies.
- (iv) Natural disasters likely to occur in the organization's geographic area. (An organization is not required to develop emergency plans for natural disasters that typically do not affect its geographic location.)
- (3) Emergency training. A PACE organization must provide appropriate training and periodic orientation to all staff (employees and contractors) and participants to ensure that staff demonstrate a knowledge of emergency procedures, including informing participants what to do, where to go, and whom to contact in case of an emergency.
- (4) Availability of emergency equipment. Emergency equipment, including easily portable oxygen, airways, suction, and emergency drugs, along with staff who know how to use the equipment, must be on the premises of every center at all times and be immediately available.

The organization must have a documented plan to obtain emergency medical assistance from sources outside the center when needed.

(5) Annual test of emergency and disaster plan. At least annually, a PACE organization must actually test, evaluate, and document the effectiveness of its emergency and disaster plans.

[64 FR 66279, Nov. 24, 1999, as amended at 68 FR 1386, Jan. 10, 2003; 69 FR 49266, Aug. 11, 2004; 70 FR 15238, Mar. 25, 2005]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 71 FR 55340, Sept. 22, 2006, §460.72 was amended by revising paragraph (b)(5)(iii), by removing the last sentence of paragraph (b)(5)(iv), by removing the period at the end of paragraph (b)(5)(iv) and adding in its place "; and, and adding paragraph (b)(5)(v), effective Oct. 23, 2006. For the convenience of the user, the added and revised text is set forth as follows:

§ 460.72 Physical environment.

- (b) * * *
- (5) * * *
- (iii) The dispensers are installed in a manner that adequately protects against inappropriate access:

(v) The dispensers are maintained in accordance with dispenser manufacturer guidelines.

§ 460.74 Infection control.

- (a) Standard procedures. The PACE organization must follow accepted policies and standard procedures with respect to infection control, including at least the standard precautions developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- (b) Infection control plan. The PACE organization must establish, implement, and maintain a documented infection control plan that meets the following requirements:
- (1) Ensures a safe and sanitary environment.
- (2) Prevents and controls the transmission of disease and infection.
- (c) Contents of infection control plan. The infection control plan must include, but is not limited to, the following:

- (1) Procedures to identify, investigate, control, and prevent infections in every center and in each participant's place of residence.
- (2) Procedures to record any incidents of infection.
- (3) Procedures to analyze the incidents of infection to identify trends and develop corrective actions related to the reduction of future incidents.

§ 460.76 Transportation services.

- (a) Safety, accessibility, and equipment. A PACE organization's transportation services must be safe, accessible, and equipped to meet the needs of the participant population.
- (b) Maintenance of vehicles. (1) If the PACE organization owns, rents, or leases transportation vehicles, it must maintain these vehicles in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- (2) If a contractor provides transportation services, the PACE organization must ensure that the vehicles are maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
- (c) Communication with PACE center. The PACE organization must ensure that transportation vehicles are equipped to communicate with the PACE center.
- (d) *Training*. The PACE organization must train all transportation personnel (employees and contractors) in the following:
- (1) Managing the special needs of participants.
- (2) Handling emergency situations.
- (e) Changes in care plan. As part of the interdisciplinary team process, PACE organization staff (employees and contractors) must communicate relevant changes in a participant's care plan to transportation personnel.

§ 460.78 Dietary services.

(a) Meal requirements. (1) Except as specified in paragraphs (a)(2) or (a)(3) of this section, the PACE organization must provide each participant with a nourishing, palatable, well-balanced meal that meets the daily nutritional and special dietary needs of each participant. Each meal must meet the following requirements:

- (i) Be prepared by methods that conserve nutritive value, flavor, and appearance.
- (ii) Be prepared in a form designed to meet individual needs.
- (iii) Be prepared and served at the proper temperature.
- (2) The PACE organization must provide substitute foods or nutritional supplements that meet the daily nutritional and special dietary needs of any participant who has any of the following problems:
 - (i) Refuses the food served.
 - (ii) Cannot tolerate the food served.
 - (iii) Does not eat adequately.
- (3) The PACE organization must provide nutrition support to meet the daily nutritional needs of a participant, if indicated by his or her medical condition or diagnosis. Nutrition support consists of tube feedings, total parenteral nutrition, or peripheral parenteral nutrition.
- (b) Sanitary conditions. The PACE organization must do the following:
- (1) Procure foods (including nutritional supplements and nutrition support items) from sources approved, or considered satisfactory, by Federal, State, Tribal, or local authorities with jurisdiction over the service area of the organization.
- (2) Store, prepare, distribute, and serve foods (including nutritional supplements and nutrition support items) under sanitary conditions.
- (3) Dispose of garbage and refuse properly.

§ 460.80 Fiscal soundness.

- (a) Fiscally sound operation. A PACE organization must have a fiscally sound operation, as demonstrated by the following:
- (1) Total assets greater than total unsubordinated liabilities.
- (2) Sufficient cash flow and adequate liquidity to meet obligations as they become due.
- (3) A net operating surplus or a financial plan for maintaining solvency that is satisfactory to CMS and the State administering agency.
- (b) Insolvency plan. The organization must have a documented plan in the event of insolvency, approved by CMS and the State administering agency, which provides for the following: